

Quality Assurance Pocket Guide for Planer Operations

SOUTHERN PINE PRODUCTS 2" – 4" THICK

SPIB.ORG

MINIMUM DRESSED SIZES FOR COMMON SOUTHERN PINE PRODUCTS

Nominal Dimension	Thickness (in.)	Width (in.)
2 x 4	1.500	3.500
2 x 6		5.500
2 x 8		7.250
2 x 10		9.250
2 x 12		11.250
4 x 4	3.500	3.500
4 x 6		5.500

2021 SPIB Standard Grading Rules for Southern Pine Lumber

"... If lumber is dressed to a size below minimum

American Lumber Standard requirements or below the
minimum sizes set forth in these grading rules, the grade
mark must show size..."

National Grading Rule for Dimension Lumber "Hit or Miss provisions shall not be used to permit surfacing below specified minimum sizes"

Note: To avoid possible incorrect readings caused by changes in moisture content (shrinkage), SPIB inspectors use calipers to check finished size on fresh material.

Defect	Limits	Common Root Causes and Measurement
Machine Offset No. 1 and No. 2 Prime: 1/16"		Common Root Causes: Movement in the side heads while in the cut
	Prime:	Measurement: Departure from a straight line on one edge must not exceed the limit
	1/16"	Common Root Causes: Movement while being cut in the top or bottom heads
MSR, No. 2, and No. 3: Skip 1/8"	,	Measurement: Depth of bite must not exceed the limit
	and No. 3:	Common Root Causes: Undersized rough lumber, over dry rough lumber, planer setup/uneven cut (e.g., too much off one edge or face)
		Measurement: Amount scant of target size



Torn grain due to tearing of fiber by knives or saws



Fuzzy dressing due to high moisture or dull knives



Improper eased edge adjustment



Machine burn due to piece sticking in planer



Wavy dressing due to loose holding devices, poor cutting circle, dull knives, and other causes



Knife gap due to damaged planer knife or knives